

Programma Locale Unitario dei Servizi

PLUS – Anglona-Coros-Figulinas

EUROPEAN FUTURE IS OUR FUTURE

EVENT “MY EUROPEAN PLACE”

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The Citizenship Income

Decree-Law No. 4 of 28 January 2019, converted, with amendments, by Law No. 26 of 28 March 2019, laying down general provisions on citizenship income and pensions.



Principles underpinning Citizenship Income

→ It is an essential level of services to be guaranteed throughout the national territory.

→ It is a structural and universal measure

→ It is an active labour policy measure to guarantee the right to work and to combat poverty and social exclusion.

This measure is conditional :

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- compliance with certain citizenship and residence requirements
 - the evaluation of the economic condition
 - adherence to a personalised pathway towards employment and/or social inclusion

Beneficiaries

The Citizenship Income is granted to households that cumulatively meet the requirements at the time of application and for the entire duration of the benefit:



Citizenship, residence and stay



Economic



Patrimonial

Citizenship and Pension Income

The Citizenship Income is transformed into a Citizenship Pension when the beneficiary household is composed of persons aged 67 years or older.

Beneficiaries of the Citizenship Pension do not have to comply with the obligations and conditionalities we have seen in the previous slide.



Conditionalities



Submission of the DID: Declaration of immediate availability for work in the case of a household in which there is at least one member, among those subject to obligations, in possession of certain work requirements at the time of the request for the RdC

Responsible service: employment centres

Pact for social inclusion

Simplified: the beneficiaries' family nucleus is characterised by particular criticalities that make it difficult to start a job placement pathway.

Competent service: Local Social Service

Complex: aimed at responding to a mix of needs of the family and one or more of its relatives, for which the intervention of the social service alone is not sufficient

Competent service: Multidisciplinary team



Penalties and forfeiture of benefit

Citizenship Income is forfeited when one of the members of the household:

- does not make the declaration of immediate availability for work;
- does not sign the Employment Pact or the Social Inclusion Pact;
- does not participate, in the absence of a justified reason, in training or retraining initiatives or in any other active policy or activation initiative;
- does not take part, without a justified reason, in training or retraining initiatives or other active or activation policy initiatives; does not take part in projects that are useful to the community, if the municipality of residence has set them up;
- does not accept at least one of three suitable job offers or, in case of renewal, does not accept the first suitable job offer;
- does not communicate any change in the employment condition, or makes false communications resulting in a higher citizenship income benefit;
- does not submit an updated DSU in case of a change in the household.

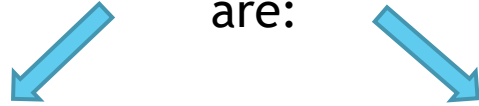
USEFUL PROJECTS FOR THE COMMUNITY

- RdC beneficiaries are required to carry out **Projects Useful to the Community (PUC)** in the municipality of residence for at least 8 hours per week, which can be increased up to 16.
- Municipalities are responsible for PUCs and can implement them in cooperation with other actors.
- In addition to an obligation, PUCs represent an opportunity for inclusion and growth for beneficiaries and the community:
 - for the beneficiaries**, because the projects will be structured **in line with the beneficiary's professional skills**, with those acquired also in other contexts and on the basis of the interests and inclinations that emerged during the interviews held at the Job Centre or at the Municipality's Social Service;
 - for the community**, because the PUCs will have to be identified on the basis of the needs and requirements of the local community and will have to be understood as complementary to, supporting and supplementing the activities ordinarily carried out by the municipalities and public bodies involved.



MANAGEMENT OF THE MEASURE

The services involved in the assessment, signature and monitoring of the pacts are:



MUNICIPAL SOCIAL SERVICE

It uses a dedicated platform called GePI (Gestione Patti Inclusione);

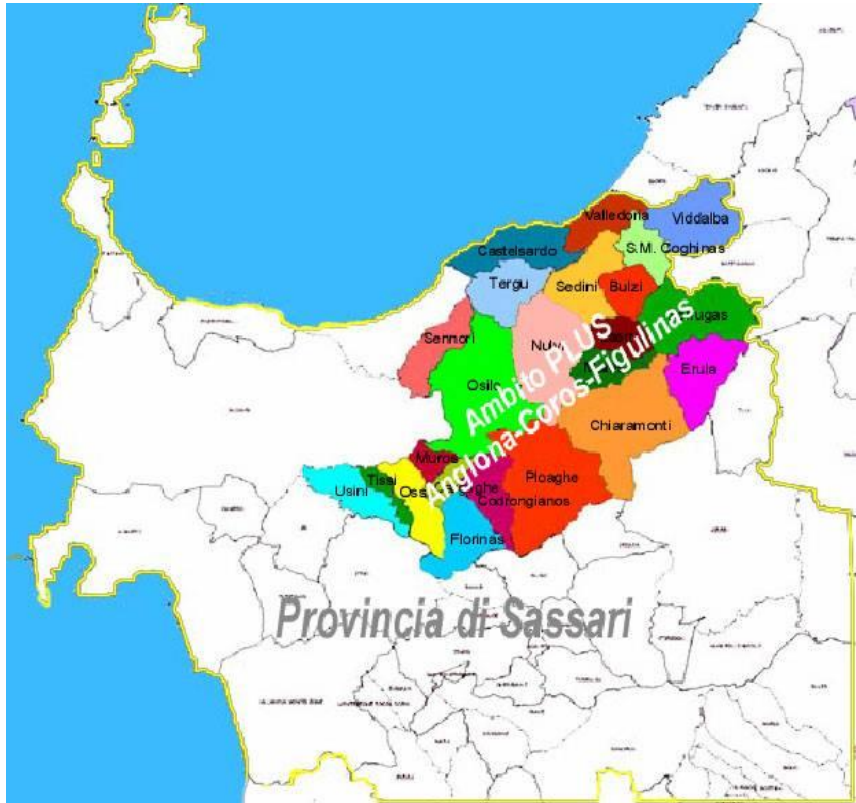
It carries out the "Preliminary Analysis" to assess the nature of the need: in the presence of social needs, it proceeds to the formulation of the personalised project, the signing of the SOCIAL INCLUSION PACT, and the monitoring of actions.

JOB CENTRE

It uses the dedicated platform called MyAnpal;

It carries out the initial analysis of the situation in order to assess whether there are any job needs: in those cases, a WORK INCLUSION PACT is drafted and signed, which provides for practical actions to find a job and improve the level of training.

The PLUS ANGLONA COROS FIGULINAS



The PLUS is the instrument provided for by national and regional legislation for the planning of personal services.

It is based on the principles of social-health integration and provides for a group of municipalities to share the management of various personal services with the aim of standardising the quality and supply of the same.

Our PLUS is made up of 23 municipalities and the offices that manage the services in an associated form are housed in the Municipality of Osilo. Decisions concerning the management and planning of activities are taken during meetings involving the mayors of the municipalities, but technical meetings are also promoted with the staff working in the social services.

PLUS and Citizenship Income

The PLUS, through the subdivision of specific national funds, has promoted the following actions related to the Citizenship Income measure:

- ▶ Strengthening of the Social Services present in each Municipality by inserting a new social worker to facilitate the practice of taking charge of the RdC users as well as the inclusion in the PUCs;
- ▶ Allocate a share of the funding to activate Projects Useful to the Community, in particular to ensure compliance with safety regulations in the workplace;
- ▶ Activation of a multidimensional team that is involved by the social worker of the Municipality when the nuclei that receive the Income present complex needs that require detailed interventions;

STRENGTHENING OF THE PROFESSIONAL SOCIAL SERVICE

The funding source "Quote Services Poverty Fund", Annualities 2018 and 2019, for a part of the sum assigned to the ambit, was allocated to the creation of a new service.

Through a call for tenders, the service has been launched, which foresees the hiring of 10 social workers who will operate with different number of hours in the various municipalities of the Ambito, for a total cost of € 348,000.00.

The staff is active since January 2021 and is in charge of carrying out the activities related to the Citizenship Income:

- ▶ Carrying out preliminary analyses, signing of the Inclusion Pacts and subsequent monitoring;
- ▶ Development of procedures for the launch of projects useful to the community, and monitoring of activities;

At present, about 850 households are taken care of by the Service.



MULTIDIMENSIONALÉQUIPE

The multidimensional team, financed with the Quota Servizi Fondo povertà annuality 2019 for an amount of € 150,000.00, was started again in May 2021 after the previous team had operated from April 2019 to January 2021.

4 social workers, 1 educator and 1 psychologist work in a team to assess and take care of the households which, following a preliminary analysis, are assessed as having complex needs. The team works alongside the municipal social service, supporting it by taking charge of the households identified among the beneficiaries of the Citizens' Income.

Currently, the service has 70 households.



COMMUNITY BENEFIT PROJECTS

Approximately € 230,000.00 has been allocated from the Quota Servizi Fondo Poverty Annuality 2019 and made available to the municipalities in the area for the implementation of Collective Utility Projects. The performance of hours as repayment to the community of the economic contribution received with the Income of Citizenship is an obligation that recipients are required to comply with (except in special conditions that provide for exemption) under penalty of forfeiting the benefit.

All the municipalities in the area have activated PUC projects, which are currently characterised by heterogeneity due to the peculiarities of the individual municipal realities. Generally speaking, all the municipalities have started up the project involving the care of green areas, the project with a cultural and social background.

PUC IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF OSILO

In the Municipality of Osilo 5 projects are currently active in the following fields of action:

- ▶ Environmental: care of green areas and areas of collective interest;
- ▶ Heritage: care and small maintenance works at the Municipality's premises;
- ▶ Social: activities aimed at vulnerable groups in the community;
- ▶ Cultural: promotion of and participation in cultural events and library activities;
- ▶ Institutional: activities supporting the work of the municipal offices.

At present, the activities of the environment and heritage project have been launched for a total of 10 people involved, working 16 hours a week under the supervision of a tutor belonging to a type B cooperative that deals with the reintegration into employment of disadvantaged people, with whom a special agreement has been signed.



